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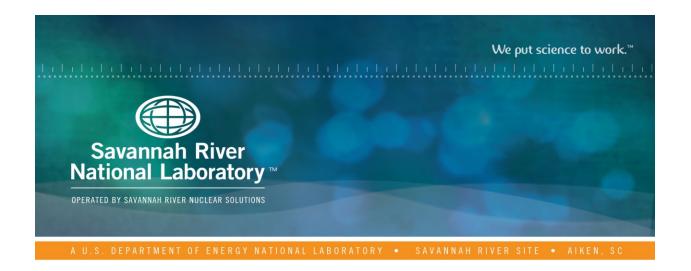
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Estimating Effects of Various Factors on Corrosion of Pipeline Grade Carbon Steel Under Disbonded Coating — Progress Report

Pavan K. Shukla

December 2019 SRNL-L5430-2019-00008, Revision 0

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Estimating Effects of Various Factors on Corrosion of Pipeline Grade Carbon Steel Under Disbonded Coating — Status Update

Pavan K. Shukla

December 2019



Prepared for the MESA under contract number SPP-2018-020

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1.0 Introduction

This report provides description of the activities, associated data and results for a work focused on understanding corrosion of pipeline grade carbon steel under coating disbondment. Specifically, the work reported here was for a pipeline that was installed in 1968 with the following characteristics. The line was coated with polyethylene tape coat (brand Polyken®), and the line joints were electric-flash welded. The line joints are 34-inch outer diameter, and made of API 5L X52 grade carbon steel. The line was initially operated at 55 °F, but subsequently the line temperature increased to 105 °F due to higher fluid flow rate inside the pipe. Due to age and type of the pipeline coating, coating disbondment has occurred at several locations. The increase in operating temperature, coupled with age of the coating, is likely to have resulted in migration in corrosive species from the soil underneath the coating. As a result, the pipeline is experiencing enhanced corrosion. The objective of this study was to evaluate whether the change in operating temperature has affected the corrosion rate of the pipeline external surfaces under areas of disbonded coating.

SNRL is conducting following activities to address the project objectives:

- Measure corrosion properties of API 5L X52 grade carbon steel in soil samples collected from field, and study effect of temperature and bacterial activity on the pipeline steel.
- Develop a corrosion cell experiment to study corrosion under the disbondments, and study effect of temperature increase on corrosion under the disbondments
- Identify the role of temperature on bacterial activity and combined effect of temperature and bacterial activity on corrosion of pipeline material under disbondments
- Conduct several repeat experiments to generate enough data that would statistically bound corrosion rates for a range of temperatures.

Field soil and coating samples were collected. The samples were used to setup various experiments. Three sets of experiments were setup at various temperatures. The experiments included:

- Pipeline grade carbon steel exposed to soil samples
- Pipeline grade carbon steel coupons covered with coating samples, untreated soil water mixture injected in the interspace of the coating and coupons, and moist soil placed on top of the coating
- Pipeline grade carbon steel coupons covered with coating samples, soil water mixture treated to pH 11.5 to simulate cathodic protetion, treated soil water mixture injected in the interspace of the coating and coupons, and moist soil placed on top of the coating

The test matrix is detailed in Table A-1 which is in Appendix.

2.0 Methods

Resistivity: SRNL measured the sand sample resistivities using the four-pin resistivity method in a soil box, as described in ASTM G57 (ASTM International, 2012).

pH: SRNL followed EPA Method 9045D (EPA, 2016) to measure the soil sample's pH. As per the method, 20 g of each sand sample was mixed with 20 mL of reagent-grade deionized water and the mixture was stirred for 5 minutes. The mixture was allowed to settle for 1 hour, and then pH of the resulting solution was measured with a pH meter.

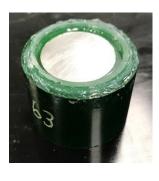
Chloride and sulphate concentrations: Ion chromatography was used to determine the ionic species concentrations. The leachate solutions developed during pH measurements using the EPA method was used.

Bacterial Activity: Bacterial activity was measured using the BART method which is an alternative to the serial dilution method (NACE International, 2014), and provides same level of information as the dilution method. Details of BART method are available in the book authored by Cullimore (2014) and is available for free download.

Corrosion of API 5LX52 Carbon Steel Coupons: Corrosivity of the soil samples towards the carbon steel coupons under coating disbondment was measured by exposing several coupons to the samples. The coupons were made by potting 1 inch diameter disks in a two-part epoxy solution. A holding cup was made for each coupon, with bottom of the cup consisting of the potted coupon. Some coupons' metal surface was covered with the coating samples to simulate coating disbondment; these coupons are referred as coating disbondment coupons hereafter. Soil plus water mixture was injected under the coating in the coating disbondment coupons. Soil samples were placed in each cup, with several coupons at each temperature points. Coupons' details of the are provided in Table A-1. The coupons were placed in several chambers where relative humidities was close to 100%. Images of the coupons and chambers are presented in Figures 1 and 2, respectively.

Exposure duration was six months. The coupons were cleaned of any corrosion products after completions of the tests. Each coupon was analyzed for metal wastage on its surface. The analysis results were used to estimate pitting and surface average corrosion rates for each coupon. Experimental data and results for each sand sample is provided next.

This report only provides data for the coupons where metal was directly exposed to the soil at 22, 28, 33, and 38 °C. The remaining coupons are undergoing exposure and will be extracted in January 2020. This report will be updated after remaining coupons have been extracted and data has been collected.







(a) Coupon with cavity to place soilwater solution

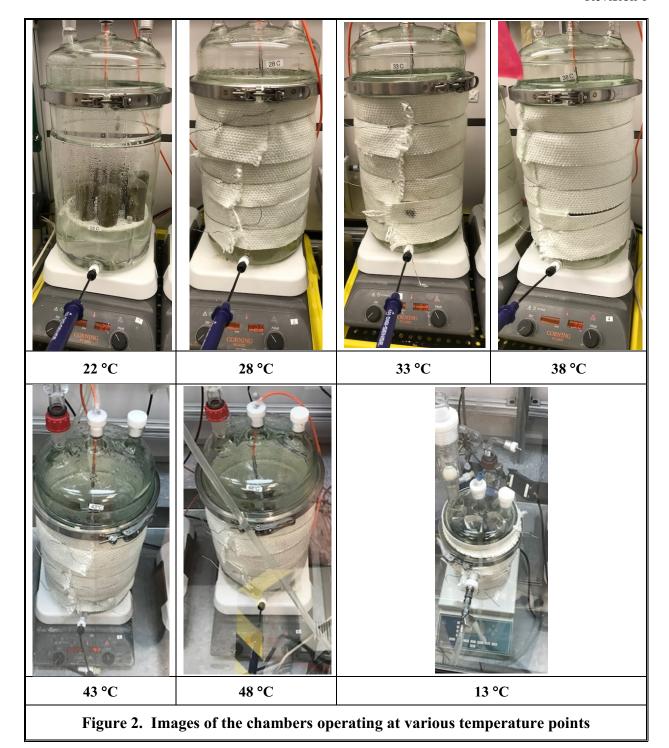
(b) Images of the coupons

(c) Polyken tape coat applied to the coupons to simulate a disbonded



(d) Coupons placed in a chamber

Figure 1. Images of the coupons



3.0 Experimental Data and Results

Resistivity, pH, chloride and sulphate concentrations are listed in Table 1.

Table 1. Resistivity, pH, and chloride and sulphate concentrations in the soil sample									
Sample ID	Resistivity	р	Н	[Cl ⁻]	[SO ₄ ²⁻]				
	(Ω-ст)	Indicator paper	EPA method	(ppm)	[SO ₄ ²⁻] (ppm)				
Field Soil Sample	3200	-	7.4	33	23				

The bacterial activity levels, i.e., bacteria count in the samples are listed in Table 3.

Table 2. Bacteria count in the sand samples									
Sample ID	Acid Producing Bacteria (CFU/g)	Heterotrophic Aerobic Bacteria (CFU/g)	Sulphate Reducing Bacteria (CFU/g)	Total Bacteria Count (CFU/g)					
Field Soil Sample	164000	1150000 (Aerobic)	650 (Anerobic SRB)	1314650					

Corrosion of API 5LX52 Carbon Steel Coupons: Each coupon's surface was profiled after corrosion product cleaning. Images of the coupons after corrosion product cleaning is in Table 3. Each coupon was also profiled using a visible-light based telescope which processed the profiled data and generated a color map of the surface, with red being the original surface and blue representing the deepest pit. The color map of each coupon's surface is presented in Table 4. The color map of each coupon surface was further processed and adjusted such that color scale was same for all coupons. The adjusted color maps of each coupon are presented in Table 5. Larger size images of the coupons, compared to the ones presented in Tables 3, 4, and 5, are presented in Appendix. The coupons' mass loss and deepest pit depth data were used to estimate surface average and pitting corrosion rates. The coupon data include deepest pit penetration depths and corresponding corrosion rates. The surface average and pitting corrosion rates for each coupon are listed in Tables 6 and 7, respectively. Following observations are made using the listed data in Tables 6 and 7

- Most mass loss occurred in the 33 °C coupons, and surface average corrosion rates are highest for the coupons maintained at 33 °C
- Deepest pits occurred on the coupons maintained at 22 °C. The average pitting corrosion rate for the 22 °C coupons is approximately 22 mpy.

	Table 3.	Coupons' Images After Exposure	
Temperature (°C)		Coupons	
22			
28			
33			
38			

Table 4.	Color Map of Coupons' Surfaces wi	th Red Representing Original Surface a	nd Blue Being Deepest Pit
Temperature (°C)		Coupons	
22			
28			
33			
38			

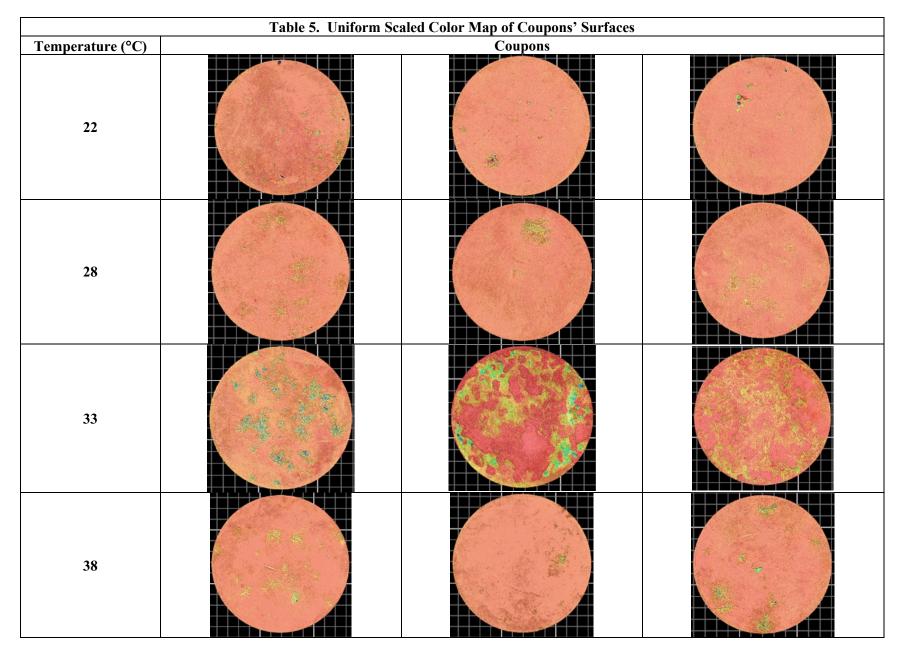
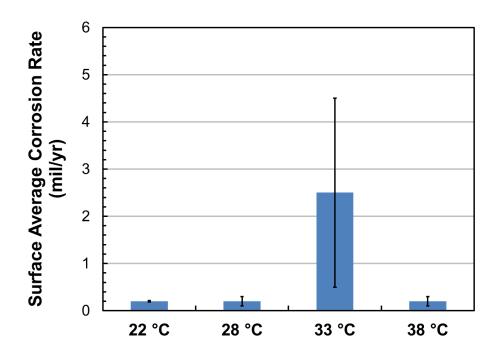


	Table 6. Surface Average Corrosion Rates of Coupons												
		Temperature											
Course ID	22	°C	28	28 °C		33 °C		38 °C					
Coupon ID	Mass Loss (mg)	Corrosion Rate (mpy)	Mass Loss (mg)	Corrosion Rate (mpy)	Mass Loss (mg)	Corrosion Rate (mpy)	Mass Loss (mg)	Corrosion Rate (mpy)					
Coupon 1	10	0.20	12.2	0.24	16.8	0.33	15.9	0.31					
Coupon 2	8.2	0.16	18.0	0.36	214.7	4.23	6.0	0.12					
Coupon 3	8.8	0.17	6.7	0.13	141.9	2.80	14.4	0.28					
	Average ± std	0.2 ± 0.02	Average ± std	0.2 ± 0.1	Average ± std	2.5 ± 2	Average ± std	0.2 ± 0.1					

	Table 7. Maximum Pit Depths and Pitting Corrosion Rates of Coupons											
		Temperature										
Coupon ID	22	°C	28	28 °C		33 °C		38 °C				
Coupon ID	Pit depth	Corrosion	Pit depth	Corrosion	Pit depth	Corrosion	Pit depth	Corrosion				
	(µm)	Rate (mpy)	(µm)	Rate (mpy)	(µm)	Rate (mpy)	(µm)	Rate (mpy)				
Coupon 1	348	27.3	86	6.8	103	8.1	119	9.3				
Coupon 2	203	15.9	80	6.3	131	10.3	88	6.9				
Coupon 3	314	24.7	74	5.8	68	5.3	104	8.2				
	Average ± std	22.6 ± 6	Average ± std	6.3 ± 0.5	Average ± std	7.9 ± 2.5	Average ± std	8.1 ± 1.2				



(a) Surface Average Corrosion Rates

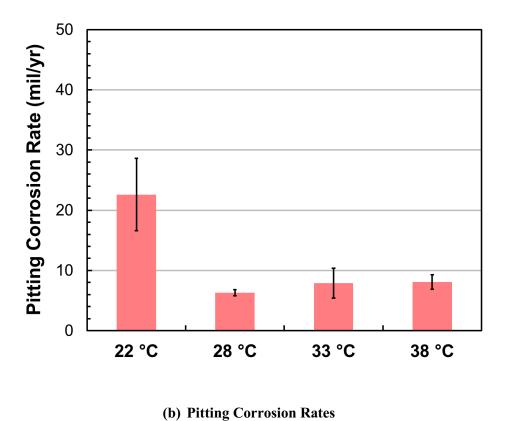


Figure 3. (a) Surface average, and (b) pitting corrosion rates of the coupons

4.0 Summary

Coupons are being exposed to soil and soil plus water mixture are various temperature points in several chambers. The data so far indicate no specific trend, but it appears that most extensive corrosion occurred at 33 °C, whereas pitting corrosion rates were highest at 22 °C. One plausible explanation is following: al lower temperature of 22 °C, soil moisture level was maintained for longer period than at higher temperatures of 28, 33, and 38 °C, this enabled more intense corrosion to occur for longer period.

Regarding more extensive corrosion at 33 °C, it is well known that corrosion increases with temperature. However, in the case of soil, the competition between the loss of water in soil and temperature-dependent corrosion rate is a plausible reason for the extent of corrosion peaking at 33 °C.

5.0 References

- 1. ASTM International. "Standard Test Method for Field Measurement of Soil Resistivity Using the Wenner Four-Electrode Method." ASTM G57-06. 2012.
- EPA. "Method 9045D: Soil and Waste pH, part of Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste, Physical/Chemical Methods." https://www.epa.gov/sites/production/files/201512/documents/9045d.pdf, Accessed on October, 2016
- 3. NACE International. "Standard Test Method Field Monitoring of Bacteria Growth in Oil and Gas Systems." TM0194-2014. Houston, Texas: NACE International. 2014.
- 4. Cullimore, D.R., Standard Methods for BART Testers, 4th Ed., https://www.dbi.ca/StandMeth/StandardMethod-4th.pdf, 2014.

Appendix

				Table A-8	Experime	ntal Test matri	x		
Vessel Temperature (°C)	Treatment	Coupon ID	Weight (g)	Weigh coupon cold mount with tape (g)	Weigh coupon with soil solution (g)	Weigh coupon with soil (g)	Weigh coupon with extra water (g)	Coupon Placement Date	Coupon Extraction Date
13	No treatment	65	76.179 0	107.010	N/A	147.07	149.06	Wednesday, July 24, 2019	Friday, January 24, 2020
		66	76.222 3	105.580 0	N/A	145.51	147.51	Wednesday, July 24, 2019	Friday, January 24, 2020
	Coating	67	76.087 9	101.840 0	N/A	141.87	143.88	Wednesday, July 24, 2019	Friday, January 24, 2020
	with	55	76.063 1	107.270 0	108.33	148.37	150.36	Wednesday, July 24, 2019	Friday, January 24, 2020
	injected liquid	56	76.208 8	104.570 0	105.79	145.76	147.75	Wednesday, July 24, 2019	Friday, January 24, 2020
	natural soil pH	60	76.202 8	106.380 0	107.61	147.63	149.66	Wednesday, July 24, 2019	Friday, January 24, 2020
	Coating with	61	76.199 7	105.380 0	106.5	146.59	148.62	Wednesday, July 24, 2019	Friday, January 24, 2020
	injected liquid pH	62	76.202 1	105.830 0	106.99	147.02	149.06	Wednesday, July 24, 2019	Friday, January 24, 2020
	11.5	64	76.123 2	106.120 0	107.3	147.33	149.36	Wednesday, July 24, 2019	Friday, January 24, 2020
22	No treatment	2	76.179 5	126.950 0	N/A	124.334	125.95	Wednesday, June 12, 2019	Thursday, December 12, 2019
		73	76.060 3	88.3325	N/A	128.38	130.38	Wednesday, June 12, 2019	Thursday, December 12, 2019
		3	76.019 3	87.2700	N/A	127.24	129.27	Wednesday, June 12, 2019	Thursday, December 12, 2019

				Table A-8	. Experime	ntal Test matri	ix		
Vessel Temperature (°C)	Treatment	Coupon ID	Weight (g)	Weigh coupon cold mount with tape (g)	Weigh coupon with soil solution (g)	Weigh coupon with soil (g)	Weigh coupon with extra water (g)	Coupon Placement Date	Coupon Extraction Date
	Coating with	5	76.050 6	103.750	104.91	144.92	146.94	Wednesday, July 03, 2019	Friday, January 03, 2020
	injected liquid	4	76.180 1	104.930 0	105.53	145.59	147.48	Wednesday, July 03, 2019	Friday, January 03, 2020
	natural soil pH	1	76.206 9	107.760 0	108.9	143.98	150.97	Wednesday, July 03, 2019	Friday, January 03, 2020
	Coating with	6	76.045 0	104.980 0	106.15	146.14	148.15	Wednesday, July 03, 2019	Friday, January 03, 2020
	injected liquid pH	7	76.064 2	106.960 0	108.22	148.23	150.25	Wednesday, July 03, 2019	Friday, January 03, 2020
	11.5	8	76.214 2	106.030 0	107.21	147.18	149.17	Wednesday, July 03, 2019	Friday, January 03, 2020
28	No treatment	11	76.211 0	85.0400	N/A	125.04	127.05	Wednesday, June 12, 2019	Thursday, December 12, 2019
		12	76.088 8	86.2200	N/A	126.24	128.25	Wednesday, June 12, 2019	Thursday, December 12, 2019
		13	76.212 6	85.4000	N/A	125.4	127.41	Wednesday, June 12, 2019	Thursday, December 12, 2019
	Coating with	9	76.172 1	105.960 0	107.03	147.17	149.19	Wednesday, July 03, 2019	Friday, January 03, 2020
	injected liquid	14	76.048 0	106.300	107.43	147.49	149.48	Wednesday, July 03, 2019	Friday, January 03, 2020
	natural soil pH	10	76.210 6	107.220 0	108.35	148.42	150.43	Wednesday, July 03, 2019	Friday, January 03, 2020

				Table A-8	. Experime	ntal Test matri	X		
Vessel Temperature (°C)	Treatment	Coupon ID	Weight (g)	Weigh coupon cold mount with tape (g)	Weigh coupon with soil solution (g)	Weigh coupon with soil (g)	Weigh coupon with extra water (g)	Coupon Placement Date	Coupon Extraction Date
	Coating with	16	76.202 8	107.990	109.22	149.26	151.33	Wednesday, July 03, 2019	Friday, January 03, 2020
	injected liquid pH	17	76.187 7	105.000 0	106.23	146.35	148.34	Wednesday, July 03, 2019	Friday, January 03, 2020
	11.5	18	76.058 7	104.480 0	105.65	145.68	147.72	Wednesday, July 03, 2019	Friday, January 03, 2020
33	No treatment	21	76.210 9	86.5000	N/A	126.51	128.53	Wednesday, June 12, 2019	Thursday, December 12, 2019
		22	76.089 1	86.0800	N/A	126.06	128.06	Wednesday, June 12, 2019	Thursday, December 12, 2019
		23	76.196 3	86.5900	N/A	126.59	128.57	Wednesday, June 12, 2019	Thursday, December 12, 2019
	Coating with	19	76.063 4	106.330 0	107.42	147.39	149.37	Wednesday, July 03, 2019	Friday, January 03, 2020
	injected liquid	20	76.071 6	105.790 0	106.86	146.88	148.84	Wednesday, July 03, 2019	Friday, January 03, 2020
	natural soil pH	24	76.201 6	106.690 0	107.67	147.63	149.63	Wednesday, July 03, 2019	Friday, January 03, 2020
	Coating with	25	76.040 7	107.560 0	108.78	148.84	150.84	Wednesday, July 03, 2019	Friday, January 03, 2020
	injected liquid pH	26	76.199 3	106.030	107.2	147.27	149.33	Wednesday, July 03, 2019	Friday, January 03, 2020
	11.5	27	76.199 4	108.910 0	110.12	150.12	152.1	Wednesday, July 03, 2019	Friday, January 03, 2020

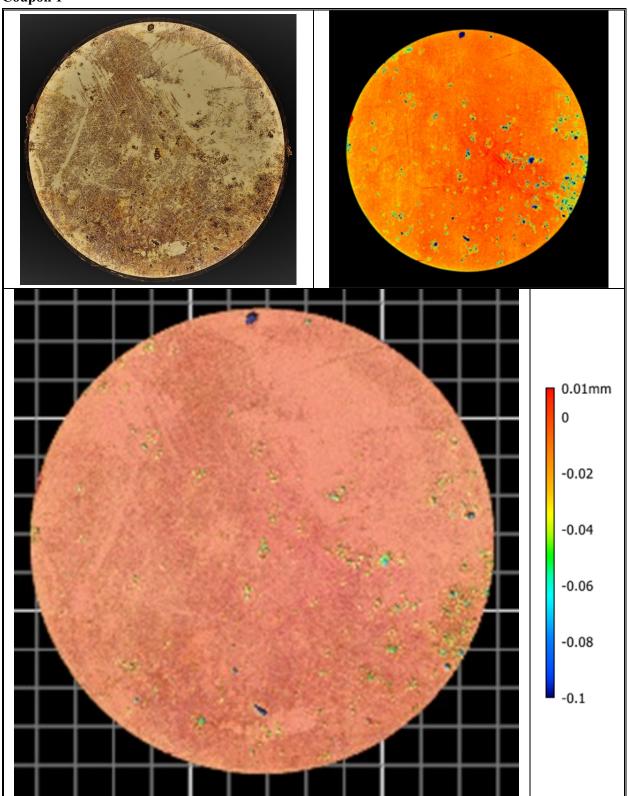
				Table A-8	. Experime	ntal Test matri	ix		
Vessel Temperature (°C)	Treatment	Coupon ID	Weight (g)	Weigh coupon cold mount with tape (g)	Weigh coupon with soil solution (g)	Weigh coupon with soil (g)	Weigh coupon with extra water (g)	Coupon Placement Date	Coupon Extraction Date
38	No treatment	30	76.071 6	86.1100	N/A	126.14	128.14	Wednesday, June 12, 2019	Thursday, December 12, 2019
		31	76.044 6	86.9200	N/A	126.91	128.9	Wednesday, June 12, 2019	Thursday, December 12, 2019
		32	76.064 2	87.0400	N/A	127.04	129.05	Wednesday, June 12, 2019	Thursday, December 12, 2019
	Coating with	28	76.199 8	105.880 0	106.93	146.98	148.97	Wednesday, July 03, 2019	Friday, January 03, 2020
	injected liquid	29	76.064 5	107.100 0	108.21	148.2	150.21	Wednesday, July 03, 2019	Friday, January 03, 2020
	natural soil pH	33	76.199 2	107.380 0	108.49	148.54	150.53	Wednesday, July 03, 2019	Friday, January 03, 2020
	Coating with	34	76.234 1	106.070 0	107.17	147.22	149.24	Wednesday, July 03, 2019	Friday, January 03, 2020
	injected liquid pH	35	76.209 8	105.570 0	106.76	146.81	148.87	Wednesday, July 03, 2019	Friday, January 03, 2020
	11.5	36	76.209 5	105.810 0	106.9	147.01	149.02	Wednesday, July 03, 2019	Friday, January 03, 2020
43	No treatment	39	76.028 1	86.9900	N/A	126.98	128.95	Friday, July 12, 2019	Sunday, January 12, 2020
		40	76.214 9	88.5700	N/A	128.57	130.58	Friday, July 12, 2019	Sunday, January 12, 2020
		41	76.254 3	87.4800	N/A	127.48	129.44	Friday, July 12, 2019	Sunday, January 12, 2020

Table A-8. Experimental Test matrix											
Vessel Temperature (°C)	Treatment	Coupon ID	Weight (g)	Weigh coupon cold mount with tape (g)	Weigh coupon with soil solution (g)	Weigh coupon with soil (g)	Weigh coupon with extra water (g)	Coupon Placement Date	Coupon Extraction Date		
	Coating with	37	76.067 0	107.370	108.52	148.56	150.68	Friday, July 12, 2019	Sunday, January 12, 2020		
	injected liquid	38	76.046 6	103.640 0	107.77	144.76	146.85	Friday, July 12, 2019	Sunday, January 12, 2020		
	natural soil pH	42	76.208 6	104.310 0	105.41	145.45	147.43	Friday, July 12, 2019	Sunday, January 12, 2020		
	Coating with	43	76.058 0	109.180 0	110.35	150.42	152.42	Friday, July 12, 2019	Sunday, January 12, 2020		
	injected liquid pH	44	76.049 4	105.200	106.38	146.42	148.56	Friday, July 12, 2019	Sunday, January 12, 2020		
	11.5	45	76.058 4	106.570	107.72	147.73	149.73	Friday, July 12, 2019	Sunday, January 12, 2020		
48	No treatment	48	76.205 7	87.4400	N/A	127.46	129.41	Friday, July 12, 2019	Sunday, January 12, 2020		
		49	76.036 2	86.9500	N/A	127.02	129.04	Friday, July 12, 2019	Sunday, January 12, 2020		
		50	76.045 9	88.0900	N/A	128.06	130.09	Friday, July 12, 2019	Sunday, January 12, 2020		
	Coating with	46	76.015 4	106.210 0	107.4	147.45	149.43	Friday, July 12, 2019	Sunday, January 12, 2020		
	injected liquid	47	76.207 4	106.690 0	107.89	147.89	149.91	Friday, July 12, 2019	Sunday, January 12, 2020		
	natural soil pH	51	76.070 5	102.830 0	103.95	143.91	145.98	Friday, July 12, 2019	Sunday, January 12, 2020		
	Coating with	52	76.219 5	105.840 0	106.98	147.05	149.01	Friday, July 12, 2019	Sunday, January 12, 2020		
	injected	53	76.056 6	103.600	104.74	144.75	146.75	Friday, July 12, 2019	Sunday, January 12, 2020		

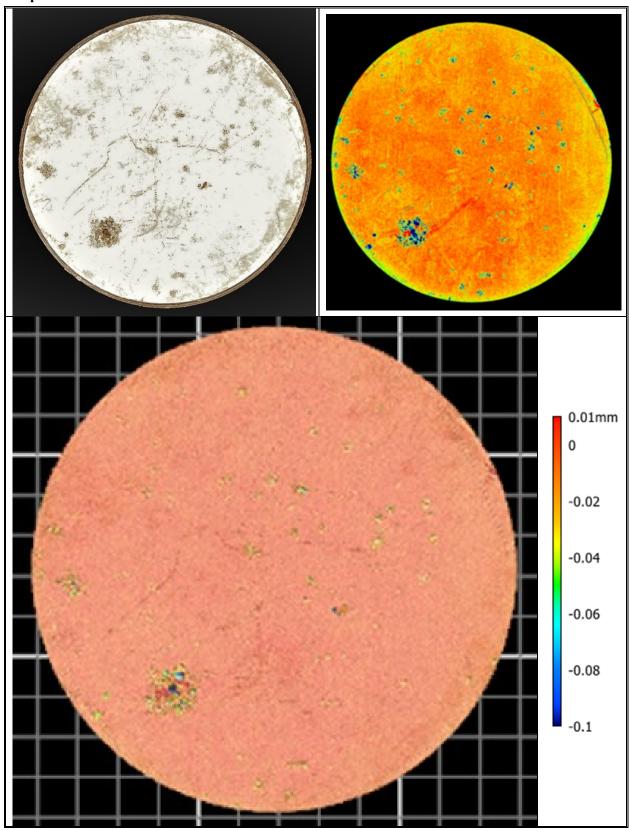
Table A-8. Experimental Test matrix											
Vessel Temperature (°C)	Treatment	Coupon ID	Weight (g)	Weigh coupon cold mount with tape (g)	Weigh coupon with soil solution (g)	Weigh coupon with soil (g)	Weigh coupon with extra water (g)	Coupon Placement Date	Coupon Extraction Date		
	liquid pH	54	76.207	103.660	104.81	144.81	146.89	Friday, July 12,	Sunday, January		
	11.5		4	0				2019	12, 2020		

Temperature 22 °C

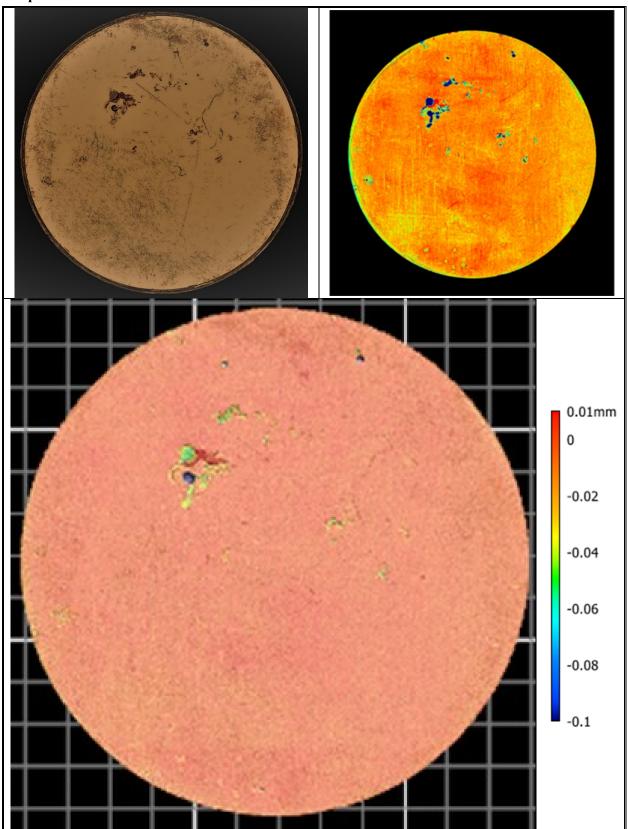




Coupon 2

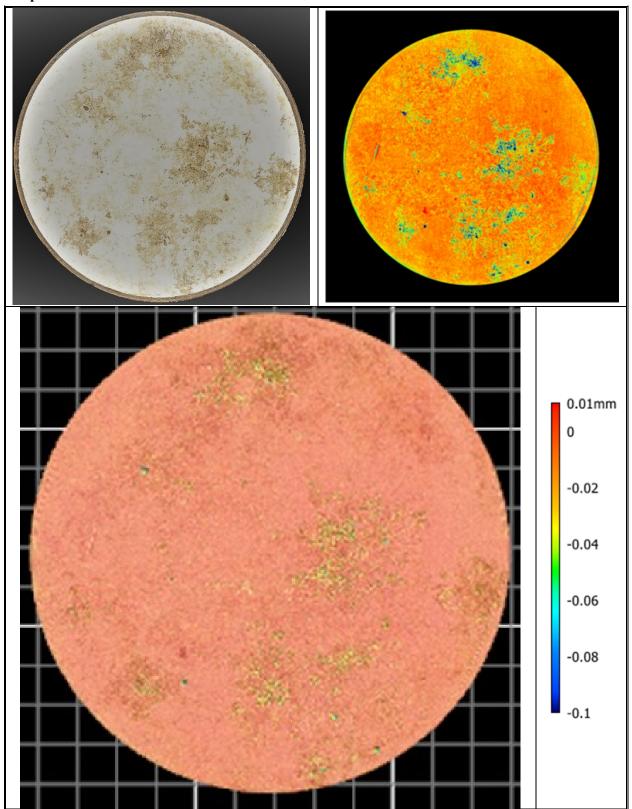


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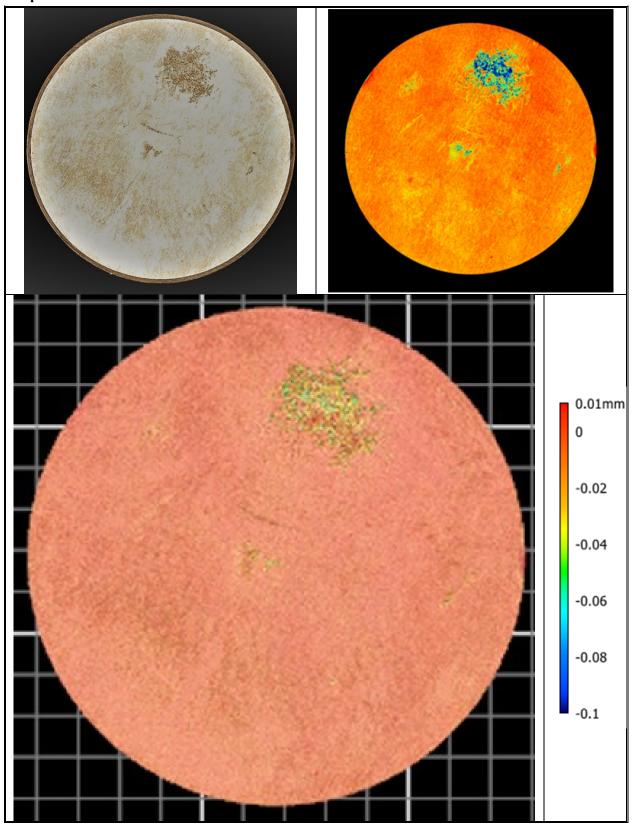


Temperature 28 °C

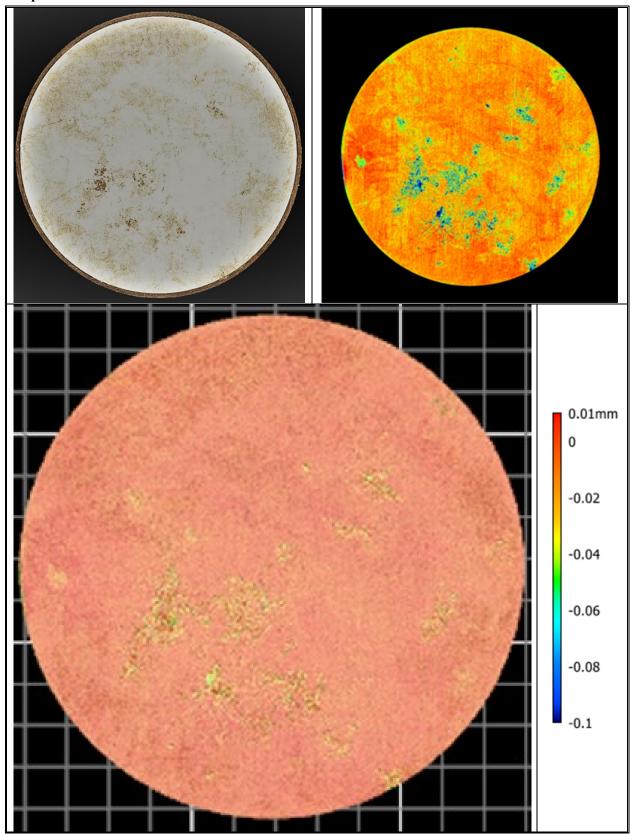
Coupon 1



Coupon 2

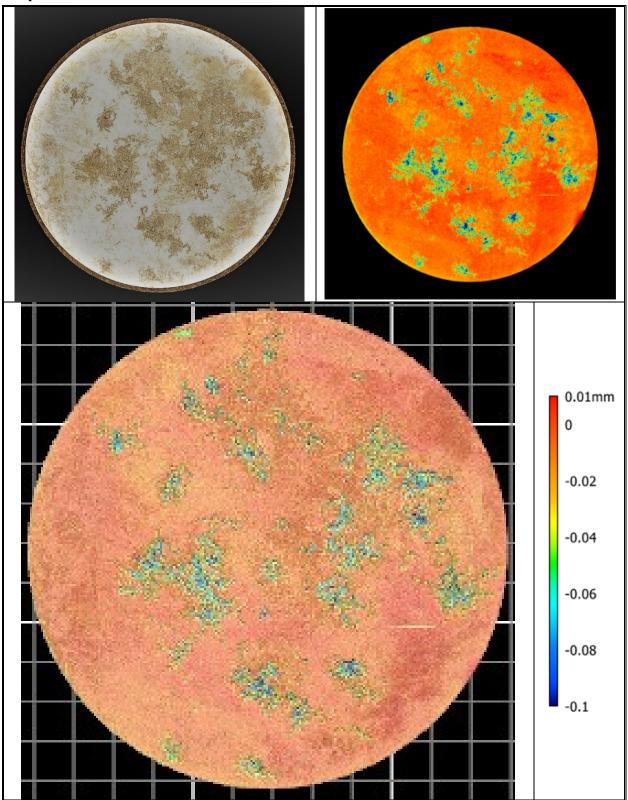


Coupon 3

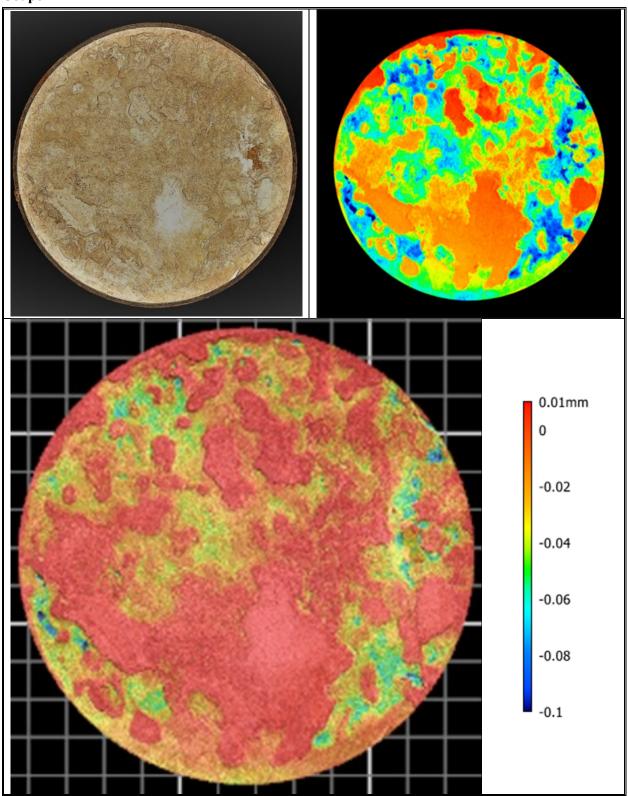


Temperature 33 °C

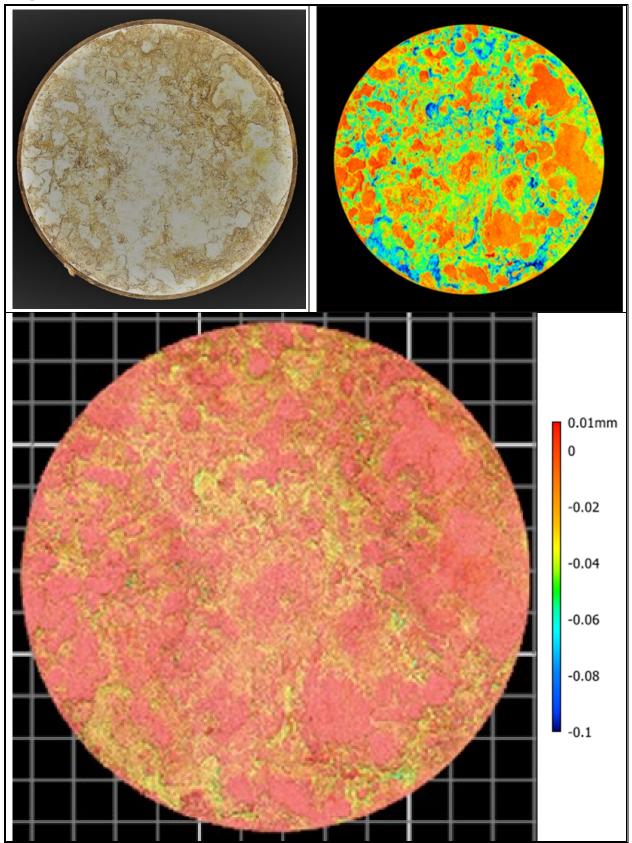
Coupon 1



Coupon 2

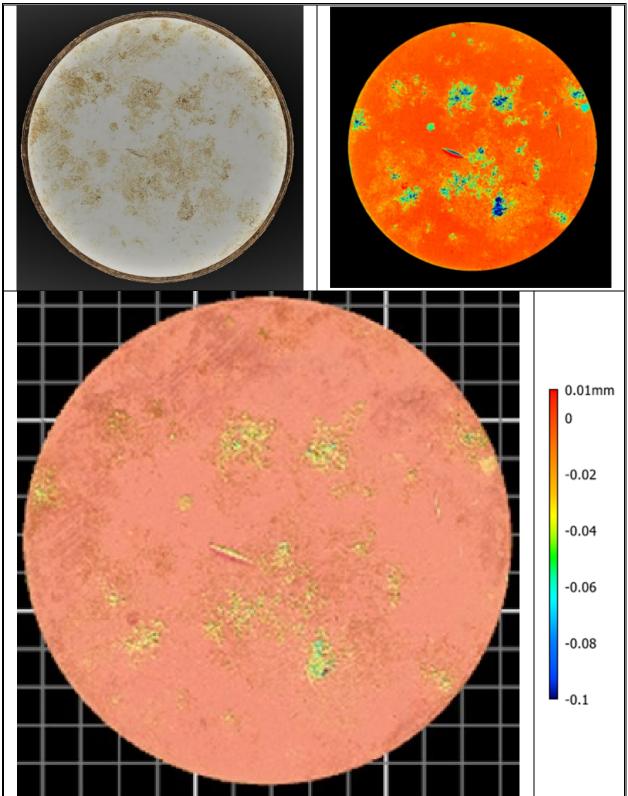


Coupon 3

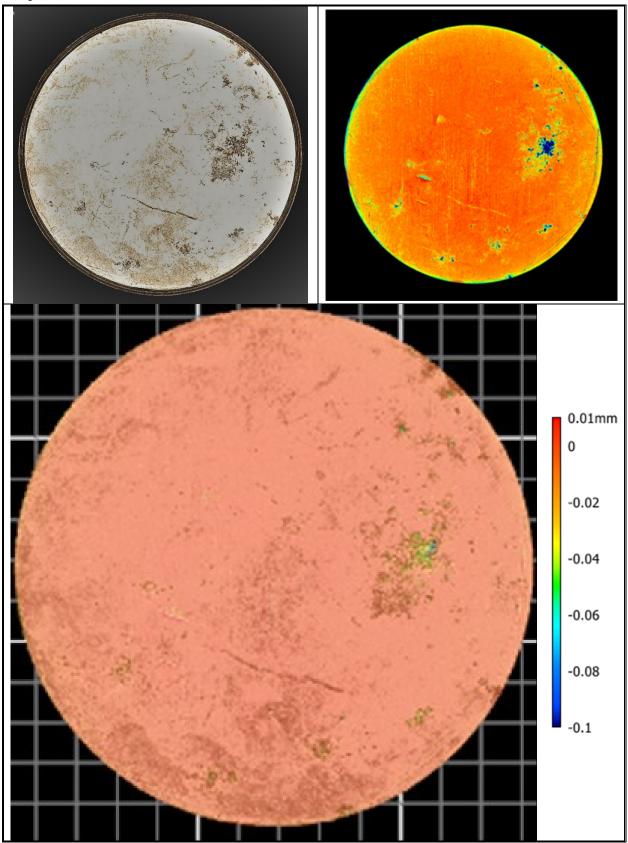


Temperature 38 °C

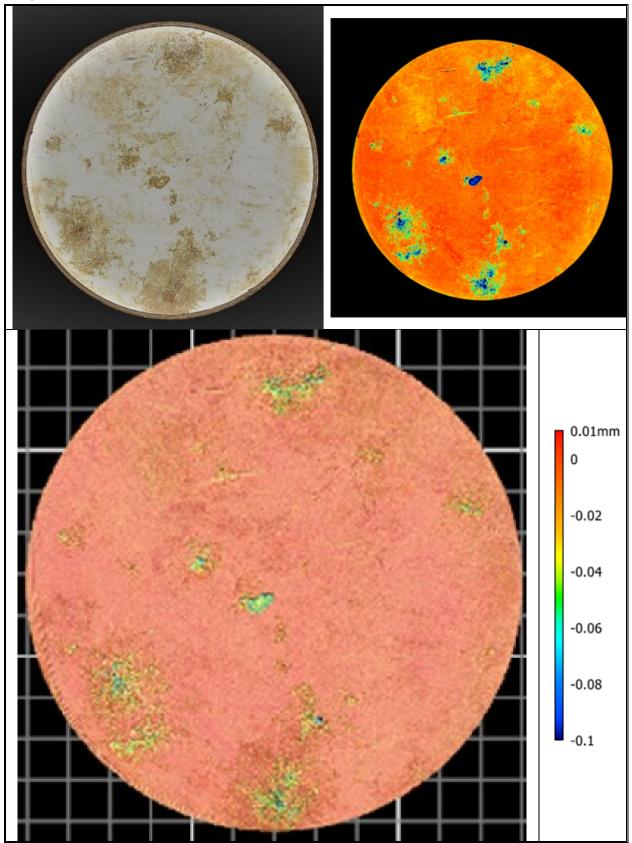




Coupon 2



Coupon 3



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