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Physics

COMPUTER CALCULATIONS
ON EXPONENTIAL DATA

by

R. R. Haefner

Theoretical Physics Division

January 1956

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E. I. du Pont de Nemours & Co.
Explosives Department - Atomic Energy Division
Technical Division - Savannah River Laboratory

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ABSTRACT

A routine was developed for the IBM 650 computer to obtain a least squares fit to data obtained in a subcritical reactor. The routine can obtain (1) a hyperbolic sine fit when the absolute experimental uncertainty of the data is of the same magnitude at each point, (2) a hyperbolic sine fit when the relative uncertainty is the same at each point, and (3) a $J_0(\kappa r)$ fit when the relative uncertainty is the same at each point.

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COMPUTER CALCULATIONS ON EXPONENTIAL DATA

INTRODUCTION

The material buckling of the lattice of a thermal reactor can be determined in a subcritical assembly that has an external source of neutrons. If the lattice is contained in a cylindrical tank with a symmetric source of neutrons at the bottom, the assembly is called an "exponential" and the neutron flux at any point in the assembly may be expressed as:

$$\Phi(r,z) = \sum_{i=1}^{\infty} A_i \sinh \kappa_i(x-z) J_0\left(\frac{j_{0,i}}{R} r\right)$$

This equation holds if the points (r,z) are taken at equivalent lattice positions. Here, x is the extrapolated height and R is the extrapolated radius of the assembly; $j_{0,i}$ is the i th zero of J_0 , the Bessel function of zero order.

If the data are taken sufficiently far from the source, only the first term in the series is needed. The equation then becomes

$$\Phi(r,z) = A \sinh \kappa(x-z) J_0\left(\frac{j_{0,1}}{R} r\right)$$

where $j_{0,1} = 2.4048$. The material buckling of the lattice is then given by $B^2 = (2.4048/R)^2 - \kappa^2$

The manual calculation of κ and R from the experimental data taken in such an assembly is very tedious and time consuming, since many runs are made on a given lattice in order to decrease the experimental uncertainty. The use of a medium-speed or high-speed computer can eliminate the tedium and can provide results soon after the data are taken.

SUMMARY

A routine for the IBM 650 computer was developed to obtain the best fit to axial data taken with a traveling monitor⁽¹⁾ (Type 1), to axial data taken with foils (Type 2), and to radial data taken with foils (Type 3). The routine can also obtain relative activities of foils, corrected for epithermal neutron background (Type 4), and uncorrected (Type 5). The computations are performed in the fixed decimal mode and yield a best fit by least squares.

This code uses approximately 1550 storage locations, including 150 positions for a hyperbolic sine and $J_0(x)$ subroutine⁽²⁾, and 36 locations for an exponential subroutine⁽³⁾. For any given problem, a maximum of twenty experimental points can be used. The maximum value of the argument of the hyperbolic sine is 6.9. Two variations of the routine are used, one allowing greater accuracy if $\kappa(x-z) \leq 4.4$ and the other allowing $\kappa(x-z)$ to reach 9.2, with less accuracy in the computation.

DISCUSSION

To eliminate manual computations as much as possible, the routine to compute the bucklings was amplified by a subroutine which processed raw experimental data into numbers used by the least squares routine. The basic data desired in the latter routine were thermal neutron fluxes as a function of height or radius in the exponential tank. Since the neutron source used at SRL⁽⁴⁾ contributed a significant fraction of nonthermal neutrons, a correction had to be applied to the raw data. This was accomplished by obtaining neutron fluxes with and without a cadmium shutter between the source and the assembly. Subtraction of data taken with the shutter from those taken without the shutter provided the thermal neutron flux.

Neutron flux data were obtained from the activation of indium foils, or from a movable ion chamber, hereafter referred to as the "traveling monitor."⁽¹⁾ The foils were counted in sequence such that each foil produced approximately the same number of counts per unit counting period. Thus, it was assumed that the relative uncertainty of each experimental point was constant. The data from the traveling monitor were recorded on a Brown recorder. It was assumed that the uncertainty in these data resulted primarily from reading the chart, and was thus the same for all points, independent of the magnitude of the flux.

Five subroutines are available. The user designates his choice of one of these by inserting the digit corresponding to his problem into the proper storage.

Because it is necessary to process raw data before entering the least squares routine, the processing routines will be discussed first, followed by the three least squares routines. The numerical designation of type follows the chronological sequence of programming.

TYPE 5: RELATIVE FOIL ACTIVITIES-NO SHUTTER CORRECTION

The activity $f_i(t_0)$ of a foil at a time t_0 minutes after the completion of irradiation is given by:

$$f_i(t_0) = \frac{c_i/a}{1 - \frac{c_i \tau}{a}} e^{\lambda(t_1 - t_0)}$$

where

- c_i = number of counts of the i th foil, minus background
- a = counting time in minutes for the i th foil
- τ = counter dead time in minutes
- λ = decay constant for indium foils in min^{-1}
- t_i = elapsed time in minutes from the completion of the irradiation to the commencement of counting

The subtraction of background counts from the foil counts before making the dead-time correction is a good approximation for low backgrounds.

The value of t_0 is chosen to increase the range of arguments for the exponential subroutine.

A sample input data sheet and the resultant output from a Type 402 IBM Accounting Machine are given in the Appendix. A maximum of twenty foil activities can be utilized in one run.

TYPE 4: RELATIVE FOIL ACTIVITIES-WITH SHUTTER CORRECTION

The foil activation, due to thermal neutrons, at time $t_0 + \frac{a}{2}$ minutes after the completion of the irradiation is given by:

$$f_i = e^{-\frac{\lambda a}{2}} f_i(t_0)$$

$$= \frac{c_i/a}{1 - \frac{c_i \tau}{a}} e^{\lambda(t_i - t_0)} - P \frac{c_i'/a'}{1 - \frac{c_i' \tau}{a'}} e^{\lambda\left(t_i' - t_0 + \frac{a' - a}{2}\right)}$$

P = ratio of source strength for the unshuttered experiment to that for the shuttered experiment. This quantity is calculated by the IBM 650 from the relative activities within a set of normalizing foils.

Primed and unprimed variables refer to the experiments with and without a cadmium shutter, respectively.

Sample input and output data are shown in the Appendix. Abbreviations NS and S refer to unshuttered and shuttered data, respectively.

TYPE 3: RADIAL BUCKLING DETERMINATION-FOIL DATA ONLY

The extrapolated radius of the subcritical assembly, R , was obtained by assuming that the thermal neutron flux could be fitted by the fundamental Bessel function $J_0(\kappa r)$, where $R = 2.4048/\kappa$.

The data were obtained from foils, each counted at such a time that all foils had the same relative uncertainty. Thus in fitting the theoretical curve by a least squares analysis, the relative error was minimized. The condition which applies to this treatment demands that

$$E_3 = \sum_{i=1}^N \left(\frac{f_i}{AJ_0(\kappa r_i)} - 1 \right)^2 \quad \text{be a minimum.}$$

By setting $\frac{\partial E_3}{\partial A} = 0$ and $\frac{\partial E_3}{\partial \kappa} = 0$, one obtains

$$g_3(\kappa) = \sum_{i=1}^N \left(A J_0(\kappa r_i) - f_i \right) \frac{f_i r_i J_1(\kappa r_i)}{[J_0(\kappa r_i)]^3} = 0$$

where

$$A = \sum_{i=1}^N \frac{f_i^2}{[J_0(\kappa r_i)]^2} \div \sum_{i=1}^N \frac{f_i}{J_0(\kappa r_i)}$$

The routine computes $g_3(\kappa_1) = \alpha_1$, $g_3(\kappa_2) = \alpha_2$, and linearly extrapolates or interpolates from these results to obtain κ_3 . Then, from $g_3(\kappa_3) = \alpha_3$, and $g_3(\kappa_2) = \alpha_2$, one obtains κ_4 by the same process. The system is considered to have converged when $|\kappa_{n+1} - \kappa_n| \leq 10^{-4}$.

Sample input and output information are given in the Appendix. The relative error at each point, $f_i/J_0(\kappa r_i)$, is included in the

print-out, as well as $\epsilon^2 = \frac{1}{N-2} \left(\sum_{i=1}^N [f_i - A J_0(\kappa r_i)]^2 \right)$

TYPE 2: AXIAL BUCKLING DETERMINATION-FOIL DATA ONLY

The data obtained from the foils in the exponential should fit a curve $A \sinh \kappa(x-z_1)$ in the vertical direction. Previous experience with an IBM Card Programmed Calculator had shown that a three-parameter fit for A , κ , and x led to values of x that were incompatible with the value of moderator height plus the theoretical extrapolation distance, which is 0.71 times the transport mean free path for the moderator. Thus, the routine was developed to obtain a least squares fit for A and κ . The value of x was supplied by the user of the routine.

The system of foil counting was the same for Type 2 runs as for Type 3. Thus, it was required that

$$E_2 = \sum_{i=1}^N \left[\frac{f_i}{A \sinh \kappa(x-z_1)} - 1 \right]^2 \quad \text{be a minimum.}$$

By setting $\frac{\partial E_2}{\partial A} = 0$ and $\frac{\partial E_2}{\partial \kappa} = 0$ one obtains

$$g_2(\kappa) = \sum_{i=1}^N \left[A \sinh \kappa(x-z_i) - f_i \right] \frac{f_i(x-z_i) \cosh \kappa(x-z_i)}{\sinh^3 \kappa(x-z_i)} = 0$$

where

$$A = \sum_{i=1}^N \frac{f_i^2}{\left[\sinh \kappa(x-z_i) \right]^2} \div \sum_{i=1}^N \frac{f_i}{\sinh \kappa(x-z_i)}$$

The routine to obtain κ is iterative, and similar to that for Type 3. Three separate routines are available. They are used when $\text{Max}[\kappa(x-z)] \leq 4.4$, ≤ 7.5 , and ≤ 9.2 . The accuracy in the computation of κ decreases when the larger values of the function are encountered.

Sample input and output data are shown in the Appendix. It should be noted that ϵ^2 is not the function that is minimized, since

$$\epsilon^2 = \frac{1}{N-2} \sum_{i=1}^N \left[f_i - A \sinh \kappa(x-z_i) \right]^2$$

TYPE 1: AXIAL BUCKLING DETERMINATION-FOR TRAVELING MONITOR RESULTS

A value of the axial buckling, $-\kappa^2$, was obtained from traveling monitor results by fitting the data to a curve of the form $A \sinh \kappa(x-z)$. Again, the least squares fit was obtained for A and κ , while the value of x was supplied by the user of the routine. Limitations on κ are the same as given for Type 2. Since the absolute error in f_i was the same for each value of z_i , the quantity

$$E_1 = \sum_{i=1}^N \left[f_i - A \sinh \kappa(x-z_i) \right]^2$$

was required to be a minimum. For $\frac{\partial E_1}{\partial A} = 0$, and $\frac{\partial E_1}{\partial \kappa} = 0$,

$$g_1(\kappa) = \sum_{i=1}^N \left[A \sinh \kappa(x-z_i) - f_i \right] (x-z_i) \cosh \kappa(x-z_i) = 0$$

where

$$A = \sum_{i=1}^N f_i \sinh \kappa(x-z_i) \div \sum_{i=1}^N \sinh \kappa(x-z_i)$$

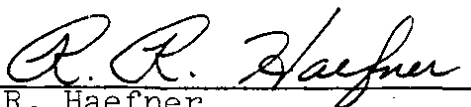
Sample input and output data are given in the Appendix.

FLWSHEETS AND PROGRAMMING

The Appendix contains the flowsheets used in the programming.

The L-1 load routine⁽⁵⁾ is used to read the input data into the IBM 650.

Copies of the program deck and details of the programming are available upon request.


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SAMPLE INPUT DATA

Run No. 1076

Without Shutter

TYPE I

FOIL NO.	LOC.	REMARKS
0090	000000	000000
0091	000000	01077 Run No. (With Shutter)
0092	000000	Counting Time: Minutes (No Shutter)
0093	046900	Power Ratio (without shutter: with shutter Type 1 (.XXXX000000))
0094	170000	X: XXX.XX00000
0095	000000	Type 1, 2, 3, or 4
0096	000020	Number of Points
0097	082555	Date: Mo Day Year XX XX XX 0000
0098	020000	$\kappa(o)$.XXXX000000
0099	000000	Run No. 000000XXXX (No Shutter)
0100	915	C ₁ :T ₁ Counts Time, Minutes XXXXX XXX.XX
0101	373	Z ₁ XXX.XX00000
0102	860	C ₂ :T ₂
0103	408	Z ₂
0104	800	C ₃ :T ₃
0105	444	Z ₃
0106	750	C ₄ :T ₄
0107	479	Z ₄
0108	695	C ₅ :T ₅
0109	514	Z ₅
0110	650	C ₆ :T ₆
0111	550	Z ₆
0112	610	C ₇ :T ₇
0113	585	Z ₇
0114	575	C ₈ :T ₈
0115	620	Z ₈
0116	535	C ₉ :T ₉
0117	656	Z ₉
0118	500	C ₁₀ :T ₁₀
0119	691	Z ₁₀

Exponential Fit

DATE

PAGE 1

Type 1
Run No. 1076 (Continued)

FOIL NO.	LOC.										REMARKS
	0	1	2	0		4	6	5			$C_{11}:T_{11}$
	0	1	2	1		7	2	6		0 0 0 0 0	Z_{11}
	0	1	2	2		4	3	5			$C_{12}:T_{12}$
	0	1	2	3		7	6	2		0 0 0 0 0	Z_{12}
	0	1	2	4		4	0	5			$C_{13}:T_{13}$
	0	1	2	5		7	9	7		0 0 0 0 0	Z_{13}
	0	1	2	6		3	8	0			$C_{14}:T_{14}$
	0	1	2	7		8	3	2		0 0 0 0 0	Z_{14}
	0	1	2	8		3	5	5			$C_{15}:T_{15}$
	0	1	2	9		8	6	8		0 0 0 0 0	Z_{15}
	0	1	3	0		3	3	0			$C_{16}:T_{16}$
	0	1	3	1		9	0	3		0 0 0 0 0	Z_{16}
	0	1	3	2		3	0	5			$C_{17}:T_{17}$
	0	1	3	3		9	3	9		0 0 0 0 0	Z_{17}
	0	1	3	4		2	8	5			$C_{18}:T_{18}$
	0	1	3	5		9	7	4		0 0 0 0 0	Z_{18}
	0	1	3	6		2	6	5			$C_{19}:T_{19}$
	0	1	3	7	1	0	0	9		0 0 0 0 0	Z_{19}
	0	1	3	8		2	4	5			$C_{20}:T_{20}$
	0	1	3	9	1	0	4	5		0 0 0 0 0	Z_{20}
	0	1	4	0		0	0	0	0	0 0 0 0 0	Counting Time, Normalizing Foils: Minutes
	0	1	4	1							Normalizing Foils A (No Shutter) $C_A:T_A$
	0	1	4	2							B $C_B:T_B$
	0	1	4	3							C $C_C:T_C$
	0	1	4	4							D $C_D:T_D$
	0	1	4	5							E $C_E:T_E$
	0	1	4	6							F $C_F:T_F$
	0	1	4	7	0	0	0	0	0	0 0 0 0 0	Number of Normalizing Foils (No Shutter)

DATE

PAGE 2

Run No. 1077

With Shutter

FOIL NO.	LOC.	REMARKS									
1	7 7 7										Normalizing Foil A With Shutter $C_A:T_A$
1	7 7 8										B " " $C_B:T_B$
1	7 7 9										C " " $C_C:T_C$
1	7 8 0										D " " $C_D:T_D$
1	7 8 1										E " " $C_E:T_E$
1	7 8 2										F " " $C_F:T_F$
1	7 8 3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
1	7 8 4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Number of Normalizing Foils (with shutter)
1	7 8 5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Counting Time, Shutter Run: Minutes
1	7 8 6	7	1	5							$C_1:T_1$ Shutter Run Counts Time xxxxx xxx.xx
1	7 8 7	7	1	0							$C_2:T_2$
1	7 8 8	7	0	5							$C_3:T_3$
1	7 8 9	6	9	5							$C_4:T_4$
1	7 9 0	6	9	0							$C_5:T_5$
1	7 9 1	6	8	0							$C_6:T_6$
1	7 9 2	6	8	0							$C_7:T_7$
1	7 9 3	6	7	5							$C_8:T_8$
1	7 9 4	6	7	0							$C_9:T_9$
1	7 9 5	6	6	0							$C_{10}:T_{10}$
1	7 9 6	6	5	0							$C_{11}:T_{11}$
1	7 9 7	6	4	5							$C_{12}:T_{12}$
1	7 9 8	6	4	0							$C_{13}:T_{13}$
1	7 9 9	6	3	0							$C_{14}:T_{14}$
1	8 0 0	6	2	0							$C_{15}:T_{15}$
1	8 0 1	6	1	0							$C_{16}:T_{16}$
1	8 0 2	6	0	5							$C_{17}:T_{17}$
1	8 0 3	5	9	5							$C_{18}:T_{18}$
1	8 0 4	5	9	0							$C_{19}:T_{19}$
1	8 0 5	5	8	0							$C_{20}:T_{20}$

Exponential Fit

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PRINT-OUT FOR TYPE 1

z_1	NS Chart Reading				S Chart Reading		
37.3	09150				07150		00000
40.8	08600				07100		00000
44.4	08000				07050		00000
47.9	07500				06950		00000
51.4	06950				06900		00000
55.0	06500				06800		00000
58.5	06100				06800		00000
62.0	05750				06750		00000
65.6	05350				06700		00000
69.1	05005				06600		00000
72.6	04650				06500		00000
76.2	04350				06450		00000
79.7	04055				06400		00000
83.2	03800				06300		00000
86.8	03555				06200		00000
90.3	03300				06100		00000
93.9	03050				06050		00000
97.4	02850				05950		00000
100.9	02653				05900		00000
104.5	02459				05800		00000
z_1	f_1	$f_1/A \sinh$		NS Run #	Pwr. Ratio		
37.3	0.8814	0.9980		1076	.04690		
40.8	0.8267	1.0031		1076	.04690		
44.4	0.7669	0.9995		1076	.04690		
47.9	0.7174	1.0024		1076	.04690		
51.4	0.6626	0.9928		1076	.04690		
55.0	0.6181	0.9951		1076	.04690		
58.5	0.5781	0.9984		1076	.04690		
62.0	0.5433	1.0068		1076	.04690		
65.6	0.5035	1.0035		1076	.04690		
69.1	0.4695	1.0055		1076	.04690		
72.6	0.4345	0.9984		1076	.04690		
76.2	0.4047	1.0023		1076	.04690		
79.7	0.3754	0.9986		1076	.04690		
83.2	0.3504	1.0026		1076	.04690		
86.8	0.3264	1.0083		1076	.04690		
90.3	0.3013	1.0019		1076	.04690		
93.9	0.2766	0.9936		1076	.04690		
97.4	0.2570	0.9968		1076	.04690		
100.9	0.2376	0.9968		1076	.04690		
104.5	0.2186	0.9952		1076	.04690		
8-25	55	1	.01955	170	000.0047	1077	.13224
Date	Type	Kappa	X	ϵ^2	S Run #	A	

SAMPLE INPUT DATA

Run No. 1084

TYPE 2

Without Shutter

FOIL NO.	LOC.	REMARKS
0090	000000	000000
0091	000000	01234 Run No. (With Shutter)
0092	300000	000000 Counting Time: Minutes (No Shutter)
0093	000000	Power Ratio (without shutter: with shutter Type 1 (.XXXX000000))
0094	145000	000000 X; XXX.XX00000
0095	000000	000002 Type 1, 2, 3, or 4
0096	000016	000000 Number of Points
0097	080955	000000 Date: Mo Day Year XX XX XX 0000
0098	063000	000000 $\kappa(o)$.XXXX000000
0099	000000	01084 Run No. 000000XXXX (No Shutter)
0100	146250	05650 C ₁ :T ₁ Counts Time, Minutes XXXXX XXX.XX
0101	108500	000000 Z ₁ XXX.XX00000
0102	145330	06620 C ₂ :T ₂
0103	102200	000000 Z ₂
0104	133410	08250 C ₃ :T ₃
0105	095900	000000 Z ₃
0106	143070	09550 C ₄ :T ₄
0107	089500	000000 Z ₄
0108	150660	11210 C ₅ :T ₅
0109	083200	000000 Z ₅
0110	175570	12210 C ₆ :T ₆
0111	076900	000000 Z ₆
0112	192890	13830 C ₇ :T ₇
0113	070500	000000 Z ₇
0114	250150	14480 C ₈ :T ₈
0115	064200	000000 Z ₈
0116	275800	16400 C ₉ :T ₉
0117	057900	000000 Z ₉
0118	347500	17380 C ₁₀ :T ₁₀
0119	051500	000000 Z ₁₀

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PAGE 1

Type 2
Run No. 1084 (Continued)

FOIL NO.	LOC.										REMARKS				
	0	1	2	0	4	0	3	9	6	1	9	0	7	0	C ₁₁ :T ₁₁
	0	1	2	1	0	4	5	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	Z ₁₁
	0	1	2	2	5	1	7	3	9	2	0	0	8	0	C ₁₂ :T ₁₂
	0	1	2	3	0	3	8	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	Z ₁₂
	0	1	2	4	6	0	5	1	6	2	1	7	5	0	C ₁₃ :T ₁₃
	0	1	2	5	0	3	2	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	Z ₁₃
	0	1	2	6	5	7	2	0	2	2	5	4	5	0	C ₁₄ :T ₁₄
	0	1	2	7	0	2	6	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	Z ₁₄
	0	1	2	8	4	6	1	8	7	3	0	2	5	0	C ₁₅ :T ₁₅
	0	1	2	9	0	1	9	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	Z ₁₅
	0	1	3	0	6	1	0	6	7	3	1	2	4	0	C ₁₆ :T ₁₆
	0	1	3	1	0	1	3	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	Z ₁₆
	0	1	3	2											C ₁₇ :T ₁₇
	0	1	3	3						0	0	0	0	0	Z ₁₇
	0	1	3	4											C ₁₈ :T ₁₈
	0	1	3	5						0	0	0	0	0	Z ₁₈
	0	1	3	6											C ₁₉ :T ₁₉
	0	1	3	7						0	0	0	0	0	Z ₁₉
	0	1	3	8											C ₂₀ :T ₂₀
	0	1	3	9						0	0	0	0	0	Z ₂₀
	0	1	4	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Counting Time, Normalizing Foils: Minutes
	0	1	4	1	2	1	8	0	7	0	3	0	2	0	Normalizing Foils A (No Shutter) C _A :T _A
	0	1	4	2	2	1	0	9	1	0	3	3	5	0	B C _B :T _B
	0	1	4	3	1	9	6	4	9	0	3	6	7	0	C C _C :T _C
	0	1	4	4	1	9	4	3	4	0	4	0	0	0	D C _D :T _D
	0	1	4	5	1	9	1	7	6	0	4	3	3	0	E C _E :T _E
	0	1	4	6	1	7	5	0	6	0	4	6	6	0	F C _F :T _F
	0	1	4	7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	6	Number of Normalizing Foils (No Shutter)

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Run No. 1234

With Shutter

FOIL NO.	LOC.	REMARKS
1 7 7 7	3 7 1 6 4	1 0 1 1 0 Normalizing Foil A With Shutter $C_A:T_A$
1 7 7 8	3 5 3 1 6	1 0 4 3 0 B " " $C_B:T_B$
1 7 7 9	3 2 9 9 0	1 0 7 6 0 C " " $C_C:T_C$
1 7 8 0		D " " $C_D:T_D$
1 7 8 1		E " " $C_E:T_E$
1 7 8 2		F " " $C_F:T_F$
1 7 8 3	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0
1 7 8 4	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 3 Number of Normalizing Foils (with shutter)
1 7 8 5	3 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 Counting Time, Shutter Run: Minutes
1 7 8 6	4 2 6 1 4	0 5 4 8 0 $C_1:T_1$ Shutter Run Counts Time xxxxx xxx.xx
1 7 8 7	3 6 0 3 5	0 6 8 1 0 $C_2:T_2$
1 7 8 8	3 2 3 4 0	0 7 8 0 0 $C_3:T_3$
1 7 8 9	3 0 5 8 6	0 8 4 6 0 $C_4:T_4$
1 7 9 0	1 4 2 0 2	1 5 0 8 0 $C_5:T_5$
1 7 9 1	1 2 9 9 8	1 6 0 6 0 $C_6:T_6$
1 7 9 2	1 2 2 9 5	1 7 0 5 0 $C_7:T_7$
1 7 9 3	1 2 6 6 7	1 7 3 8 0 $C_8:T_8$
1 7 9 4	1 1 9 5 4	1 8 3 7 0 $C_9:T_9$
1 7 9 5	1 1 5 9 0	1 9 3 6 0 $C_{10}:T_{10}$
1 7 9 6	1 1 0 1 0	2 0 3 5 0 $C_{11}:T_{11}$
1 7 9 7	1 0 3 0 5	2 1 7 1 0 $C_{12}:T_{12}$
1 7 9 8	0 7 2 4 9	2 5 6 2 0 $C_{13}:T_{13}$
1 7 9 9	0 7 4 6 9	2 6 6 2 0 $C_{14}:T_{14}$
1 8 0 0		$C_{15}:T_{15}$
1 8 0 1		$C_{16}:T_{16}$
1 8 0 2		$C_{17}:T_{17}$
1 8 0 3		$C_{18}:T_{18}$
1 8 0 4		$C_{19}:T_{19}$
1 8 0 5		$C_{20}:T_{20}$

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PRINT-OUT FOR TYPE 2

No. of Norm. Foils		NS Norm. Foil Data		S Norm. Foil Data	
NS	S	Counts	Time	Counts	Time
6.3		21807	3020	37164	10110
6.3		21091	3350	35316	10430
6.3		19649	3670	32990	10760
6.3		19434	4000	00000	00000
6.3		19176	4330	00000	00000
6.3		17506	4660	00000	00000
z_1		NS Foil Data		S Foil Data	
108.5		14625	5650	42614	05480
102.2		14533	6620	36035	06810
95.9		13341	8250	32340	07800
89.5		14307	9550	30586	08460
83.2		15066	11210	14202	15080
76.9		17557	12210	12998	16060
70.5		19289	13830	12295	17050
64.2		25015	14480	12667	17380
57.9		27580	16400	11954	18370
51.5		34750	17380	11590	19360
45.2		40396	19070	11010	20350
38.8		51739	20080	10305	21710
32.5		60516	21750	07249	25620
26.1		57202	25450	07469	26620
19.8		46187	30250	07840	27620
13.5		61067	31240	08044	28750
z_1		f_1		$f_1/A \sinh$	NS Run # Pwr. Ratio
108.5		0.0050		1.1001	1084 .23676
102.2		0.0072		1.0476	1084 .23676
95.9		0.0094		0.9251	1084 .23676
89.5		0.0148		0.9684	1084 .23676
83.2		0.0222		0.9753	1084 .23676
76.9		0.0333		0.9825	1084 .23676
70.5		0.0489		0.9645	1084 .23676
64.2		0.0743		0.9859	1084 .23676
57.9		0.1105		0.9857	1084 .23676
51.5		0.1648		0.9829	1084 .23676
45.2		0.2464		0.9886	1084 .23676
38.8		0.3713		0.9958	1084 .23676
32.5		0.5504		0.9932	1084 .23676
26.1		0.8418		1.0157	1084 .23676
19.8		1.2508		1.0153	1084 .23676
13.5		1.9233		1.0504	1084 .23676
8-09		55	2 .06295	145 000.6486	1234 .00094
Date		Type	Kappa	X ϵ^2	S Run # A

SAMPLE INPUT DATA

Run No. 0001

TYPE 3

Without Shutter

FOIL NO.	LOC.	REMARKS
0090	0000000000000000	
0091	0000000000000002	Run No. (With Shutter)
0092	3000000000000000	Counting Time: Minutes (No Shutter)
0093	0000000000000000	Power Ratio (without shutter: with shutter Type 1 (.XXXXX000000))
0094	0000000000000000	X; XXX.XX000000
0095	0000000000000003	Type 1, 2, 3, or 4
0096	0000000000000008	Number of Points
0097	1003550000000000	Date: Mo Day Year XX XX XX 0000
0098	0310000000000000	$\kappa^{(0)}$.XXXXX000000
0099	0000000000000001	Run No. 000000XXXXX (No Shutter)
0100	466602176	C ₁ :T ₁ Counts Time, Minutes XXXXX XXX.XX
0101	4950000000000000	Z ₁ XXX.XX000000
0102	474102245	C ₂ :T ₂
0103	4620000000000000	Z ₂
0104	443102327	C ₃ :T ₃
0105	4450000000000000	Z ₃
0106	406102398	C ₄ :T ₄
0107	4070000000000000	Z ₄
0108	429702498	C ₅ :T ₅
0109	3880000000000000	Z ₅
0110	461402533	C ₆ :T ₆
0111	3200000000000000	Z ₆
0112	468002600	C ₇ :T ₇
0113	2350000000000000	Z ₇
0114	455702667	C ₈ :T ₈
0115	1540000000000000	Z ₈
0116	0000000000000000	C ₉ :T ₉
0117	0000000000000000	Z ₉
0118	0000000000000000	C ₁₀ :T ₁₀
0119	0000000000000000	Z ₁₀

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Type 3
Run No. 0001 (Continued)

FOIL NO.	LOC.	REMARKS
0 1 2 0		$C_{11}:T_{11}$
0 1 2 1	0 0 0 0 0	Z_{11}
0 1 2 2		$C_{12}:T_{12}$
0 1 2 3	0 0 0 0 0	Z_{12}
0 1 2 4		$C_{13}:T_{13}$
0 1 2 5	0 0 0 0 0	Z_{13}
0 1 2 6		$C_{14}:T_{14}$
0 1 2 7	0 0 0 0 0	Z_{14}
0 1 2 8		$C_{15}:T_{15}$
0 1 2 9	0 0 0 0 0	Z_{15}
0 1 3 0		$C_{16}:T_{16}$
0 1 3 1	0 0 0 0 0	Z_{16}
0 1 3 2		$C_{17}:T_{17}$
0 1 3 3	0 0 0 0 0	Z_{17}
0 1 3 4		$C_{18}:T_{18}$
0 1 3 5	0 0 0 0 0	Z_{18}
0 1 3 6		$C_{19}:T_{19}$
0 1 3 7	0 0 0 0 0	Z_{19}
0 1 3 8		$C_{20}:T_{20}$
0 1 3 9	0 0 0 0 0	Z_{20}
0 1 4 0	3 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Counting Time, Normalizing Foils: Minutes
0 1 4 1	0 5 4 2 6 0 0 0 0 0	Normalizing Foils A (No Shutter) $C_A:T_A$
0 1 4 2		B $C_B:T_B$
0 1 4 3		C $C_C:T_C$
0 1 4 4		D $C_D:T_D$
0 1 4 5		E $C_E:T_E$
0 1 4 6		F $C_F:T_F$
0 1 4 7	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1	Number of Normalizing Foils (No Shutter)

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Run No. 0002

With Shutter

FOIL NO.	LOC.	REMARKS
1 7 7 7	8 0 2 0	2 7 0 0 Normalizing Foil A With Shutter $C_A:T_A$
1 7 7 8	7 5 1 0	2 8 5 0 B " " $C_B:T_B$
1 7 7 9	7 8 1 0	3 0 0 0 C " " $C_C:T_C$
1 7 8 0		D " " $C_D:T_D$
1 7 8 1		E " " $C_E:T_E$
1 7 8 2		F " " $C_F:T_F$
1 7 8 3	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0
1 7 8 4	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 3 Number of Normalizing Foils (with shutter)
1 7 8 5	1 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 Counting Time, Shutter Run: Minutes
1 7 8 6	1 0 5 3 0	7 2 0 0 $C_1:T_1$ Shutter Run Counts Time xxxxx xxx.xx
1 7 8 7	1 2 6 6 0	7 3 5 0 $C_2:T_2$
1 7 8 8	1 3 3 9 0	7 5 0 0 $C_3:T_3$
1 7 8 9	1 2 0 9 0	7 6 5 0 $C_4:T_4$
1 7 9 0	1 4 4 6 0	7 8 1 0 $C_5:T_5$
1 7 9 1	1 1 7 3 0	7 9 5 0 $C_6:T_6$
1 7 9 2	1 3 3 5 0	8 1 0 0 $C_7:T_7$
1 7 9 3	1 3 4 1 0	8 2 5 0 $C_8:T_8$
1 7 9 4		$C_9:T_9$
1 7 9 5		$C_{10}:T_{10}$
1 7 9 6		$C_{11}:T_{11}$
1 7 9 7		$C_{12}:T_{12}$
1 7 9 8		$C_{13}:T_{13}$
1 7 9 9		$C_{14}:T_{14}$
1 8 0 0		$C_{15}:T_{15}$
1 8 0 1		$C_{16}:T_{16}$
1 8 0 2		$C_{17}:T_{17}$
1 8 0 3		$C_{18}:T_{18}$
1 8 0 4		$C_{19}:T_{19}$
1 8 0 5		$C_{20}:T_{20}$

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PRINT-OUT FOR TYPE 3

No. of Norm. Foils		NS Norm. Foil Data		S Norm. Foil Data	
NS	S	Counts	Time	Counts	Time
1.3		05426		08020	02700
1.3		00000		07510	02850
1.3		00000		07810	03000
1.3		00000		00000	00000
1.3		00000		00000	00000
1.3		00000		00000	00000
r_i		NS Foil Data		S Foil Data	
49.5		46660	21760	10530	07200
46.2		47410	22450	12660	07350
44.5		44310	23270	13390	07500
40.7		40610	23980	12090	07650
38.8		42970	24980	14460	07810
32.0		46140	25330	11730	07950
23.5		46800	26000	13350	08100
15.4		45570	26670	13410	08250
r_i		f_i		$f_i/A J_o$	NS Run # Pwr. Ratio
49.5		0.4159		1.0221	1 .47991
46.2		0.4595		1.0121	1 .47991
44.5		0.4742		0.9925	1 .47991
40.7		0.4764		0.9002	1 .47991
38.8		0.5740		1.0364	1 .47991
32.0		0.6570		1.0330	1 .47991
23.5		0.7252		1.0053	1 .47991
15.4		0.7695		0.9850	1 .47991
10-03		55	3 .03089	000 000.6516	2 .08279
Date		Type	Kappa	ϵ^2	S Run # $10^{-1}A$

SAMPLE INPUT DATA

Run No. 0001

TYPE 4

Without Shutter

FOIL NO.	LOC.	REMARKS
0090	00000000000000	
0091	00000000000003	Run No. (With Shutter)
0092	30000000000000	Counting Time: Minutes (No Shutter)
0093	00000000000000	Power Ratio (without shutter: with shutter Type 1 (.XXXX000000))
0094	00000000000000	X; XXX.XX000000
0095	00000000000004	Type 1, 2, 3, or 4
0096	00000020000000	Number of Points
0097	090655000000	Date: Mo Day Year XX XX XX 0000
0098	00000000000000	$\kappa^{(0)}$.XXXX000000
0099	00000000000001	Run No. 000000XXXX (No Shutter)
0100	27981550	C ₁ :T ₁ Counts Time, Minutes XXXXX XXX.XX
0101	00000000000000	Z ₁ XXX.XX000000
0102	27161900	C ₂ :T ₂
0103	00000000000000	Z ₂
0104	25892250	C ₃ :T ₃
0105	00000000000000	Z ₃
0106	25032680	C ₄ :T ₄
0107	00000000000000	Z ₄
0108	40652950	C ₅ :T ₅
0109	00000000000000	Z ₅
0110	37623400	C ₆ :T ₆
0111	00000000000000	Z ₆
0112	39623750	C ₇ :T ₇
0113	00000000000000	Z ₇
0114	37724000	C ₈ :T ₈
0115	00000000000000	Z ₈
0116	91364490	C ₉ :T ₉
0117	00000000000000	Z ₉
0118	87634810	C ₁₀ :T ₁₀
0119	00000000000000	Z ₁₀

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Type 4
Run No. 0001 (Continued)

FOIL NO.	LOC.										REMARKS
	0	1	2	0		9	1	8	4		5 5 9 0 $C_{11}:T_{11}$
	0	1	2	1						0 0 0 0 0 Z_{11}	
	0	1	2	2		8	8	8	3		5 9 2 0 $C_{12}:T_{12}$
	0	1	2	3						0 0 0 0 0 Z_{12}	
	0	1	2	4	2	1	0	1	5		6 3 4 0 $C_{13}:T_{13}$
	0	1	2	5						0 0 0 0 0 Z_{13}	
	0	1	2	6	2	0	0	4	1		6 6 8 0 $C_{14}:T_{14}$
	0	1	2	7						0 0 0 0 0 Z_{14}	
	0	1	2	8	2	1	9	6	5		7 0 2 0 $C_{15}:T_{15}$
	0	1	2	9						0 0 0 0 0 Z_{15}	
	0	1	3	0	2	1	0	6	3		7 3 6 0 $C_{16}:T_{16}$
	0	1	3	1						0 0 0 0 0 Z_{16}	
	0	1	3	2	3	6	6	7	5		7 7 5 0 $C_{17}:T_{17}$
	0	1	3	3						0 0 0 0 0 Z_{17}	
	0	1	3	4	3	4	7	4	0		8 1 0 0 $C_{18}:T_{18}$
	0	1	3	5						0 0 0 0 0 Z_{18}	
	0	1	3	6	3	7	6	4	5		8 5 0 0 $C_{19}:T_{19}$
	0	1	3	7						0 0 0 0 0 Z_{19}	
	0	1	3	8	3	6	1	3	5		8 8 4 0 $C_{20}:T_{20}$
	0	1	3	9						0 0 0 0 0 Z_{20}	
	0	1	4	0	3	0	0	0	0	0 0 0 0 0	Counting Time, Normalizing Foils: Minutes
	0	1	4	1	4	9	1	7	9	1 3 7 7 0	Normalizing Foils A (No Shutter) $C_A:T_A$
	0	1	4	2	5	1	7	5	5	1 3 4 2 0	B $C_B:T_B$
	0	1	4	3	5	4	2	1	6	1 3 0 0 0	C $C_C:T_C$
	0	1	4	4	6	1	4	0	0	1 4 1 5 0	D $C_D:T_D$
	0	1	4	5	5	8	8	1	1	1 4 6 0 0	E $C_E:T_E$
	0	1	4	6	5	5	7	8	5	1 4 9 7 0	F $C_F:T_F$
	0	1	4	7	0	0	0	0	0	0 0 0 0 6	Number of Normalizing Foils (No Shutter)

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Run No. 0003

With Shutter

FOIL NO.	LOC.	REMARKS
1 7 7 7	5 9 2 4 0	1 9 1 4 0 Normalizing Foil A With Shutter $C_A:T_A$
1 7 7 8	6 3 5 8 0	1 9 5 5 0 B " " $C_B:T_B$
1 7 7 9	6 3 1 3 8	1 9 8 6 0 C " " $C_C:T_C$
1 7 8 0	6 4 8 4 2	2 2 2 7 0 D " " $C_D:T_D$
1 7 8 1	6 2 4 6 2	2 1 2 0 0 E " " $C_E:T_E$
1 7 8 2	5 8 9 2 1	2 3 2 8 0 F " " $C_F:T_F$
1 7 8 3	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0
1 7 8 4	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 6 Number of Normalizing Foils (with shutter)
1 7 8 5	3 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 Counting Time, Shutter Run: Minutes
1 7 8 6	3 6 0 9	2 9 0 0 $C_1:T_1$ Shutter Run Counts Time xxxxx xxx.xx
1 7 8 7	3 3 5 8	3 2 5 0 $C_2:T_2$
1 7 8 8	3 3 1 8	3 8 0 0 $C_3:T_3$
1 7 8 9	3 0 8 7	4 1 5 0 $C_4:T_4$
1 7 9 0	5 5 6 4	1 3 0 0 $C_5:T_5$
1 7 9 1	5 3 0 1	1 6 5 0 $C_6:T_6$
1 7 9 2	5 2 0 7	2 1 5 0 $C_7:T_7$
1 7 9 3	5 0 5 0	2 5 0 0 $C_8:T_8$
1 7 9 4	4 8 1 6	4 6 0 0 $C_9:T_9$
1 7 9 5	4 4 7 6	4 9 5 0 $C_{10}:T_{10}$
1 7 9 6	4 4 4 1	5 3 5 0 $C_{11}:T_{11}$
1 7 9 7	4 1 6 4	5 7 0 0 $C_{12}:T_{12}$
1 7 9 8	5 2 7 2	6 1 0 0 $C_{13}:T_{13}$
1 7 9 9	4 8 7 9	6 4 5 0 $C_{14}:T_{14}$
1 8 0 0	4 8 8 1	6 8 5 0 $C_{15}:T_{15}$
1 8 0 1	4 5 0 8	7 2 0 0 $C_{16}:T_{16}$
1 8 0 2	4 0 5 5	9 1 0 0 $C_{17}:T_{17}$
1 8 0 3	3 8 2 7	9 4 5 0 $C_{18}:T_{18}$
1 8 0 4	3 7 7 8	9 8 5 0 $C_{19}:T_{19}$
1 8 0 5	3 5 3 5	1 0 2 0 0 $C_{20}:T_{20}$

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PRINT-OUT FOR TYPE 4

No. of Norm. Foils		NS Norm. Foil Data		S Norm. Foil Data	
NS	S	Counts	Time	Counts	Time
6.6		49179	13770	59240	19140
6.6		51755	13420	63580	19550
6.6		54216	13000	63138	19860
6.6		61400	14150	64842	22270
6.6		58811	14600	62462	21200
6.6		55785	14970	58921	23280
		NS Foil Data			S Foil Data
		2798	01550	3609	02900
		2716	01900	3358	03250
		2589	02250	3318	03800
		2503	02680	3087	04150
		4065	02950	5564	01300
		3762	03400	5301	01650
		3962	03750	5207	02150
		3772	04000	5050	02500
		9136	04490	4816	04600
		8763	04810	4476	04950
		9184	05590	4441	05350
		8883	05920	4164	05700
		21015	06340	5272	06100
		20041	06680	4879	06450
		21965	07020	4881	06850
		21063	07360	4508	07200
		36675	07750	4055	09100
		34740	08100	3827	09450
		37645	08500	3778	09850
		36135	08840	3535	10200
		Relative Activity		NS Run # 10 ⁻¹	Pwr. Ratio
		83277100		1	.03602
		88920200		1	.03602
		82282700		1	.03602
		89227700		1	.03602
		194790900		1	.03602
		188861000		1	.03602
		215105000		1	.03602
		207201200		1	.03602
		722246400		1	.03602
		726159300		1	.03602
		860644900		1	.03602
		873102900		1	.03602
		2413863800		1	.03602
		2408249600		1	.03602
		2783990800		1	.03602
		2794014400		1	.03602
		5367419200		1	.03602
		5306386900		1	.03602
		6100101300		1	.03602
		6111884900		1	.03602
9-06		55 4 0 00000 000		3	.00000
Date		Type		S Run #	

SAMPLE INPUT DATA

Run No. 0091

Without Shutter

TYPE 5

FOIL NO.	LOC.	REMARKS
0090	0000000000000000	
0091	00000000	Run No. (With Shutter)
0092	3000000000000000	Counting Time: Minutes (No Shutter)
0093	00000000	Power Ratio (without shutter: with shutter Type 1 (.XXXX000000))
0094	00000000	X: XXX.XX000000
0095	0000000000000005	Type 1, 2, 3, or 4
0096	00000200000000	Number of Points
0097	101055000000	Date: Mo Day Year XX XX XX 0000
0098	00000000	$\kappa^{(o)}$.XXXX000000
0099	000000000000091	Run No. 000000XXXX (No Shutter)
0100	59342050	C ₁ :T ₁ Counts Time, Minutes XXXXX XXX.XX
0101	00000000	Z ₁ XXX.XX000000
0102	58942400	C ₂ :T ₂
0103	00000000	Z ₂
0104	59922750	C ₃ :T ₃
0105	00000000	Z ₃
0106	58283100	C ₄ :T ₄
0107	00000000	Z ₄
0108	27963500	C ₅ :T ₅
0109	00000000	Z ₅
0110	26643850	C ₆ :T ₆
0111	00000000	Z ₆
0112	26974200	C ₇ :T ₇
0113	00000000	Z ₇
0114	24554570	C ₈ :T ₈
0115	00000000	Z ₈
0116	226676260	C ₉ :T ₉
0117	00000000	Z ₉
0118	189457610	C ₁₀ :T ₁₀
0119	00000000	Z ₁₀

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FOIL NO.	LOC.										REMARKS				
	0	1	2	0	2	1	2	5	4		7	9	6	0	C ₁₁ :T ₁₁
	0	1	2	1							0	0	0	0	Z ₁₁
	0	1	2	2	2	0	2	4	3		8	3	0	0	C ₁₂ :T ₁₂
	0	1	2	3							0	0	0	0	Z ₁₂
	0	1	2	4		7	5	5	8		8	6	4	0	C ₁₃ :T ₁₃
	0	1	2	5							0	0	0	0	Z ₁₃
	0	1	2	6		7	3	2	4		8	9	7	0	C ₁₄ :T ₁₄
	0	1	2	7							0	0	0	0	Z ₁₄
	0	1	2	8		8	3	4	7		9	1	1	0	C ₁₅ :T ₁₅
	0	1	2	9							0	0	0	0	Z ₁₅
	0	1	3	0		7	7	8	7		9	6	4	0	C ₁₆ :T ₁₆
	0	1	3	1							0	0	0	0	Z ₁₆
	0	1	3	2	4	1	7	9	4	1	0	0	3	0	C ₁₇ :T ₁₇
	0	1	3	3							0	0	0	0	Z ₁₇
	0	1	3	4	4	0	4	2	6	1	0	3	7	0	C ₁₈ :T ₁₈
	0	1	3	5							0	0	0	0	Z ₁₈
	0	1	3	6	3	3	6	8	9	1	0	7	2	0	C ₁₉ :T ₁₉
	0	1	3	7							0	0	0	0	Z ₁₉
	0	1	3	8	3	2	4	5	1	1	1	0	6	0	C ₂₀ :T ₂₀
	0	1	3	9							0	0	0	0	Z ₂₀
	0	1	4	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Counting Time, Normalizing Foils: Minutes
	0	1	4	1											Normalizing Foils A (No Shutter) C _A :T _A
	0	1	4	2											B C _B :T _B
	0	1	4	3											C C _C :T _C
	0	1	4	4											D C _D :T _D
	0	1	4	5											E C _E :T _E
	0	1	4	6											F C _F :T _F
	0	1	4	7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Number of Normalizing Foils (No Shutter)

PRINT-OUT FOR TYPE 5

Foil Data

Counts	Time
5934	02050
5894	02400
5992	02750
5828	03100
2796	03500
2664	03850
2697	04200
2455	04570
22667	06260
18945	07610
21254	07960
20243	08300
7558	08640
7324	08970
8347	09110
7784	09640
41797	10030
40426	10370
33689	10720
32451	11060

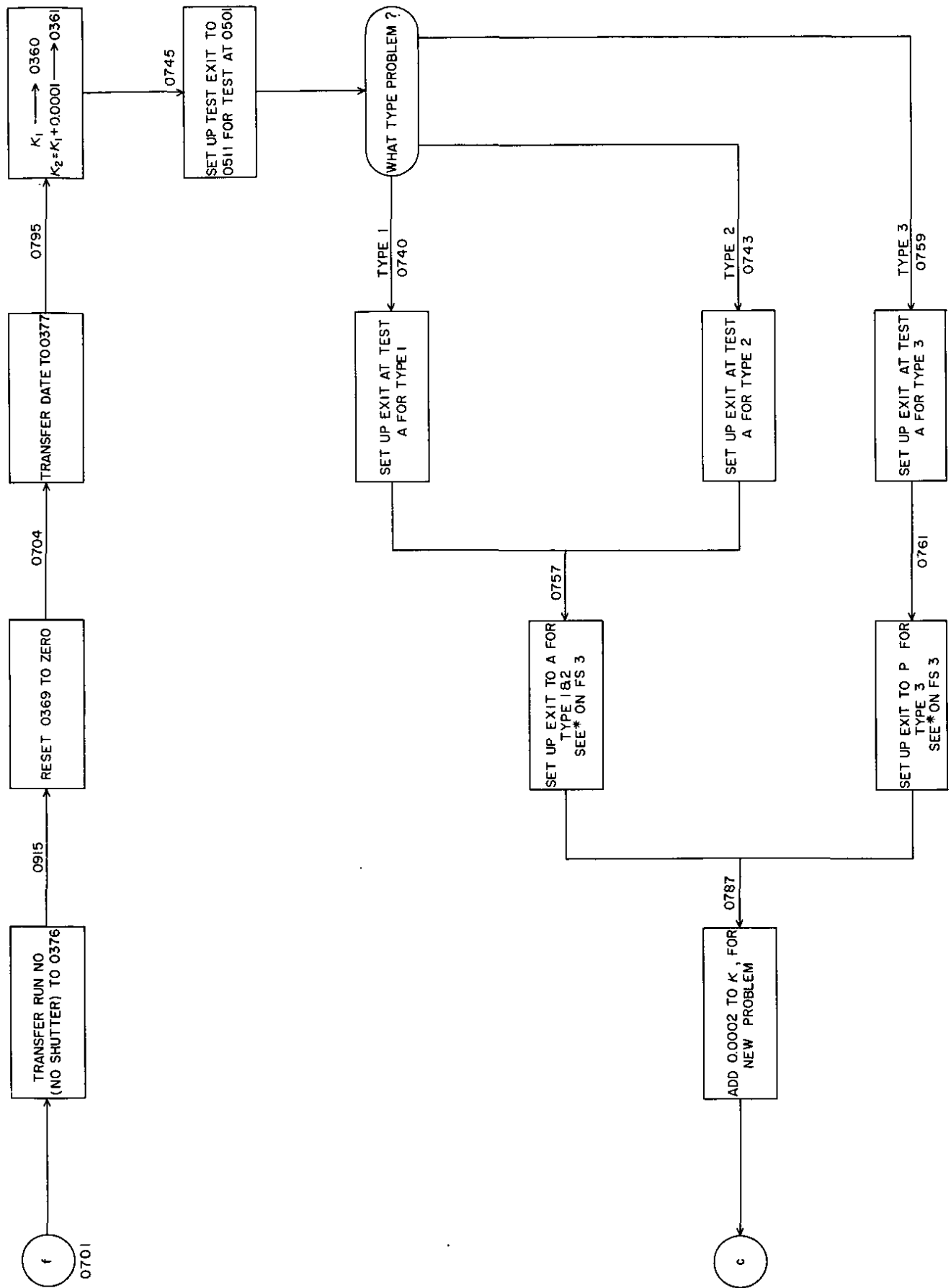
Relative Activity

Run No.

422743800	91
439167400	91
467038100	91
475045600	91
239101900	91
238246800	91
252289300	91
240758500	91
2825023500	91
2796027900	91
3289551000	91
3269081300	91
1256886000	91
1270342400	91
1475724000	91
1472136200	91
8639883000	91
8715297900	91
7537578400	91
7573648300	91

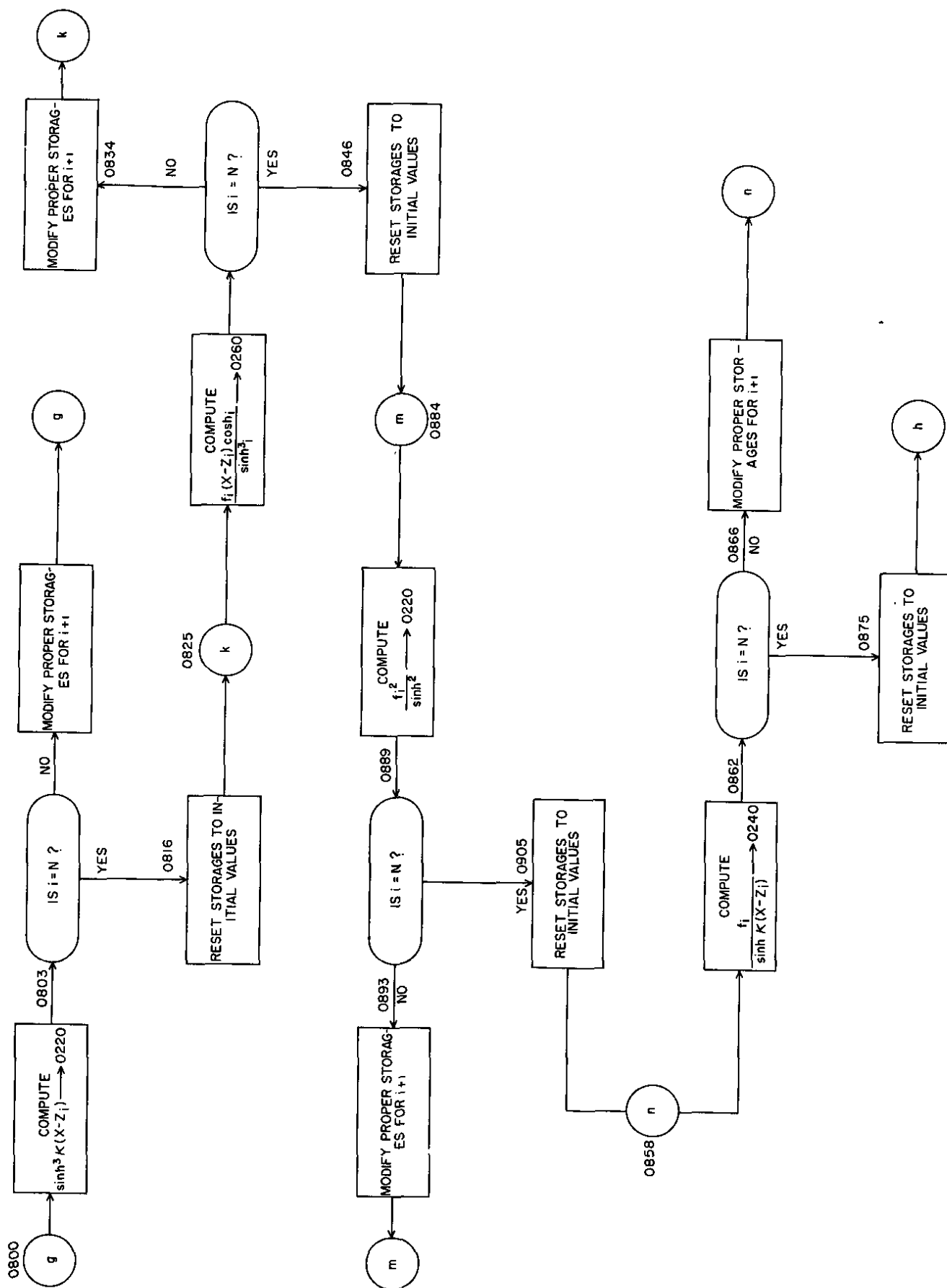
10-10 55 5 0 00000 000

Date Type

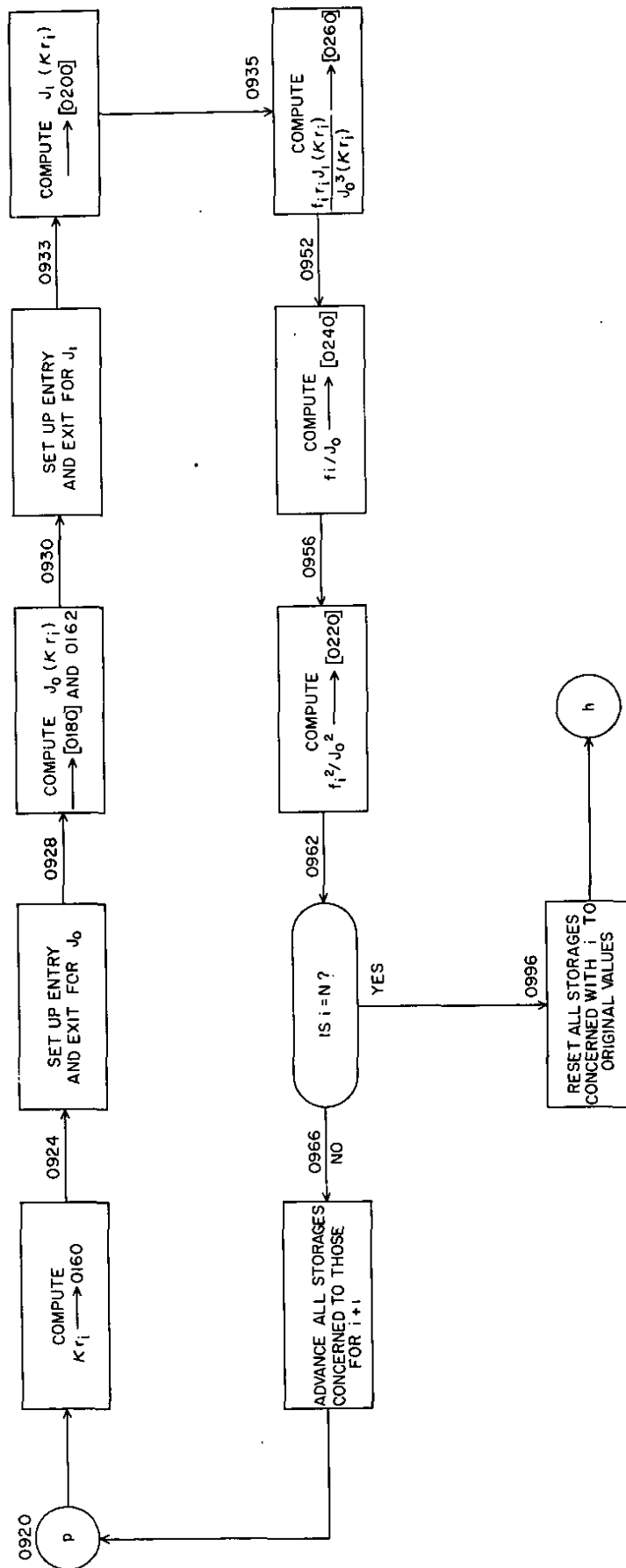


FLWSHEET NO. 2 - INITIAL ROUTINE AND SELECTOR





FLWSHEET NO. 5 - ROUTINES USED ONLY FOR TYPE 2



FLWSHEET NO. 6 - ROUTINES USED ONLY FOR TYPE 3